

**EMULEX®**

*We network storage*

# LPe11002 HBA

*Installation Manual*

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# Introduction

The Emulex® LPe11002 host bus adapter (HBA) is a dual-channel, 4.25 gigabit per second (Gb/s), Fibre Channel (FC) Peripheral Component Interconnect Express (PCIe) HBA. The core technology of this HBA is Emulex's eighth generation FC controller. The controller incorporates a multifunction native PCIe core that is compliant to the PCIe Base Specification 1.0a and PCI Express CEM Specification 1.0a. The HBA supports packet transfers up to 2048 bytes on the PCIe link with support for x1 or x4 lane negotiation. The supported physical PCIe connector is x4 or higher (x8 or x16). The two independent, fully featured FC ports are compliant to various American National Standards Institute (ANSI) FC standards. The product is targeted at FC storage networking environments that require the highest degrees of robustness, performance and ease of management.

## Major Features

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- Multifunction PCIe device with two fully independent FC ports
- Auto-negotiation between 1-Gb, 2-Gb or 4-Gb link attachments
- High performance FC HBA with the PCIe to FC controller with two internal processors
- Full support for all FC topologies including point-to-point, arbitrated loop and fabric
- Full support for FC service class 2 and 3
- Maximum FC throughput achieved via full duplex hardware support
- End-to-end data path-parity and cyclical redundancy check (CRC) protection, including internal data path random-access memory (RAM)
- Architectural support for multiple upper layer protocols
- State-of-the-art circuitry:
  - All PCIe and FC functionality contained within a single, custom, high-density, fully integrated FC controller
  - Internal ARM 1136J-S processors with instruction and data cache for each port
  - Internal serializer deserializer (SerDes) 1-Gb/2-Gb/4-Gb cores for FC and 2.5-Gb cores for PCIe
- Complies with the PCIe base and CEM 1.0a specifications:
  - x1 or x4 lane link interface (auto-negotiated with system) at 2.5-Gb/s
  - Supports VC0 (1 Virtual Channel) and TC0 (1 Traffic Class)
  - Configuration /IO/ Memory read/write, completion and message
  - Supports 64-bit addressing
  - ECRC for all transmitted PCIe data packets
  - Link CRC on all PCIe packets and message information
  - Supports large payload size- 2048 bytes for read/write
  - Supports large read request size- 4096 bytes
- Internal high-speed static RAM (SRAM)
- Error correcting code (ECC) protection of local memory, including single-bit correction and double-bit protection
- The LPe11002 HBA provides two embedded short wave optical (LC) connections with link diagnostics capability.

- Host interface via Emulex standard drivers or through custom drivers written to the Emulex Service Level Interface (SLI-2) that is compatible with the many existing Emulex drivers for products such as LP8000, LP9002L, LP9802, LP10000 HBAs
- Comprehensive array of operating system (OS) drivers:
  - Emulex standard and OEM derivatives of device drivers for Windows 2000 Server, Windows Server 2003, Novell NetWare, Sun Solaris, Linux and HP-UX
  - OEM-specific drivers for AIX and some other operating systems
  - Some drivers support both SCSI and IP protocols
  - Support for remote and fabric boot functionality
- On-board context management by the firmware (per port):
  - Up to 510 FC port logins
  - Up to 1023 concurrent exchanges
  - I/O multiplexing down to the FC frame level
- Data buffers capable of supporting 16 buffer-to-buffer (BB) credits for short-wave applications
- Link management and recovery handled by the firmware
- On-board diagnostic capability accessible via optional connection
- Parts and construction compliant to the European Union Directive of Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS)

## Compatibility

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**Table 1. Software and Hardware Environments**

<b>Software Environments</b>	Windows 2000 Server, Windows Server 2003, Novell NetWare, Sun Solaris, Linux and HP-UX
<b>Hardware Environments</b>	PCI-Express 1.0a compliant systems

## Prerequisites

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- PCI-Express 1.0a compliant systems: x1 or x4 lane transfer link interface at 2.5-Gb/s per lane
- 3.3-V power from PCIe slot is required for operation

## Setting the Jumpers

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**Caution:** Emulex LightPulse® HBAs contain electronic components that can be damaged by static electricity through an electrostatic discharge (ESD) event. To prevent ESD damage, maintain constant contact with any grounded metal surface. A grounding wrist strap is useful for this purpose. Handle the card carefully at all times and preferably by the edges. Avoid touching electronic components and keep the card in the original packaging until you are ready for installation.

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The device ID jumpers are used in custom applications. Do not change the jumper settings for a standard Emulex installation.

The host adapter has two six-post jumper blocks, one jumper block for each port, that control the host adapter's device ID. The ID is selected by installing a jumper between posts 1 and 2, or 3 and 4, or 5 and 6. If no jumper is installed, the default device ID is 1AE5. Port 0 is the top transceiver, and port 1 is the bottom transceiver.

**Table 2: Jumper Settings (Port 0 and Port 1)**

PCI Identifier	P0_JX (Port 0)	P1_JX (Port 1)
FE00	1–2	1–2
FE01	3–4	3–4
1AE5*	5–6	5–6

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**Note:** \* Without a jumper, the HBA reports a device ID of 1AE5. Most software drivers require a PCI device ID of FE00 to properly identify and control the HBA. Do not attempt to operate the HBA with the PCI device ID set to 1AE5 unless recommended by the driver installation instructions.

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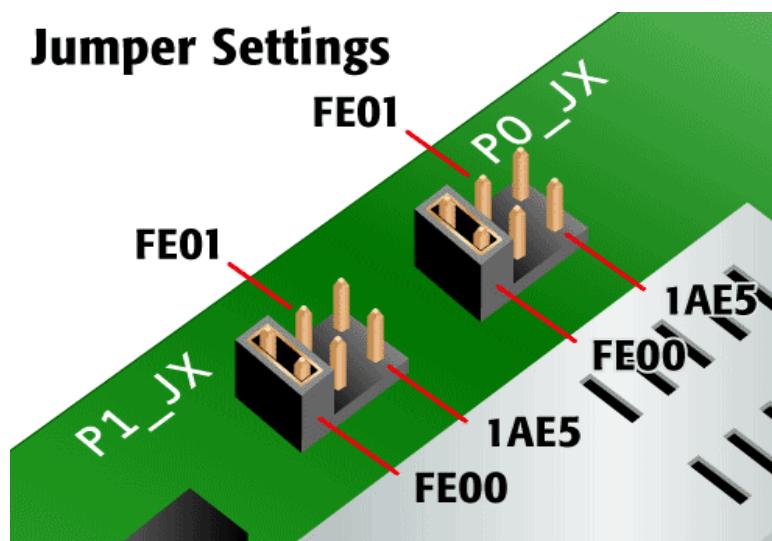


Figure 1: The LPe11002 Jumper Settings

## Installing the Host Bus Adapter

To install the HBA:

1. Each HBA is shipped with a unique 64-bit identifier called the IEEE address. The FC industry uses a World Wide Name (WWN) derived from the IEEE address, and this number is needed for FC connectivity. Since this adapter has two ports, there are two IEEE addresses. The IEEE address is used when configuring your system. The serial number is used when communicating with Emulex. All numbers are clearly marked on the board. We recommend that you record these numbers before installation.
2. Turn off and unplug the computer.

3. Remove the computer case.

**Note:** For best I/O performance, place the adapter into an empty PCIe x4 or higher slot. PCIe slots are shorter than standard PCI 64-bit slots. Do not attempt to plug the adapter into a standard PCI slot.

4. Remove the blank panel from an empty PCIe bus slot. Follow steps 5–8 to change the bracket if they are different sizes. Otherwise, skip to step 9.

**Note:** The HBA comes with a standard PCI bracket installed. A low-profile bracket is included in the box with the HBA. The low-profile mounting bracket is shorter than the standard bracket; approximately 3.11 in. (7.9 cm) compared to 4.75 in. (12.06 cm) long.

5. Remove the mounting bracket screws from the top of the HBA.

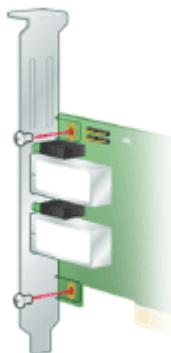


Figure 2: Removing the Bracket

6. Remove the bracket and store it for future use.
7. Align the new mounting bracket tabs with the holes in the HBA.

**Note:** Be careful not to push the bracket past the transceiver housing's grounding tabs. Make sure the light emitting diodes (LEDs) are properly aligned with the holes in the bracket.

8. Replace the screws that attach the HBA to the bracket.
9. Insert the HBA into the empty x4 or higher PCIe bus slot. Press firmly until the adapter is seated.
10. Secure the HBA's mounting bracket to the case with the panel screw or clip.
11. Replace the computer case and tighten case screws.

The HBA is now installed in the PC and is ready for media attachment.

## Attaching Media

**Note:** The HBA will not allow normal data transmission on an optical link unless it is connected to another similar or compatible laser product (that is, multimode to multimode.)

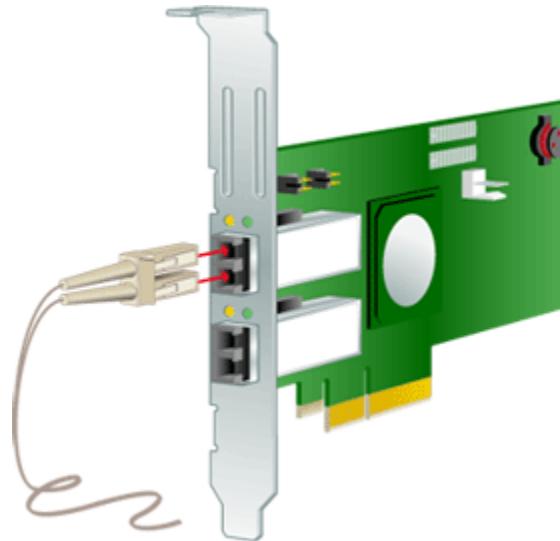
Use multimode fiber optic cable, with short-wave lasers, that adheres to the following specifications:

**Table 3: Media Specifications**

Fiber Optic Cable	Maximum Length	Minimum Length	Connector
62.5/125 $\mu$ m (multimode) 200 MHz*km bandwidth cable	300 meters at 1.0625 Gb/s 150 meters at 2.125 Gb/s 70 meters at 4.25 Gb/s	.5 meters	LC
50/125 $\mu$ m (multimode) 500 MHz*km bandwidth cable	500 meters at 1.0625 Gb/s 300 meters at 2.125 Gb/s 150 meters at 4.25 Gb/s	.5 meters	LC

To attach media to the HBA:

1. Connect the fiber optic cable to the LC connectors on the HBA.



*Figure 3: Connecting Fiber Optic Cables*

2. Connect the other end of the cable to the Fibre Channel device.

After the media is connected to the HBA, you are ready to apply power to the computer.

# Applying Power

To apply power:

1. Verify that the HBA is securely installed in the computer.
2. Verify that the correct media is attached.
3. Plug in and turn on the computer.
4. Observe LEDs for Power On Self Test (POST) results.

## Viewing the LEDs

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Green and yellow LEDs can be seen through openings in the HBA's mounting bracket. Green indicates firmware operation and yellow signifies port activity. Each port has a corresponding set of green and yellow LEDs.

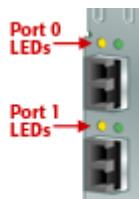


Figure 4: LEDs

## POST Conditions and Results

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POST conditions and results are summarized in the following table:

**Note:** For the Link Rate conditions, there is a 1 Hz pause when the LED is off between each group of fast blinks (1, 2 or 3). You should observe the LED sequence for several seconds to ensure that the pause is correctly identified.

**Table 4: POST Conditions and Results**

Yellow LED	Green LED	State
Off	Off	Wake-up failure (Dead board)
On	Off	POST failure (Dead board)
Slow Blink	Off	Wake-up failure monitor
Fast Blink	Off	POST failure
Flashing	Off	POST processing in progress
Off	On	Failure while functioning
On	On	Failure while functioning
1 Fast Blink	On	1Gb Link rate -Normal, link up
2 Fast Blinks	On	2Gb Link rate -Normal, link up
3 Fast Blinks	On	4Gb Link rate -Normal, link up
Off	Slow Blink	Normal -link down or not started

**Table 4: POST Conditions and Results (Continued)**

Yellow LED	Green LED	State
Slow Blink	Slow Blink	Off-line for download
Fast Blink	Slow Blink	Restricted off-line mode (Waiting for restart)
Flashing	Slow Blink	Restricted off-line mode (Test active)

# References

## Specifications

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**Table 5: LPe11002 Specifications**

Parameter	Range
<b>Media Interface</b>	The controller interfaces to the physical media through an FC-0 Media Interface (FC-PI compliant transceiver), and then connects through dual optical fiber LC connectors.
<b>Physical Dimensions</b>	Low-profile MD2 form factor, 6.600 inches by 2.536 inches, and accommodates both the full-height and low-profile bracket.
<b>Power Requirements</b>	In a PCIe x4 slot: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 5.9 watts (typical) @ +3.3 VDC</li> <li>• 8.5 watts (maximum) @ +3.3 VDC</li> </ul>
<b>Airflow</b>	100 lF/min (minimum)
<b>Temperature</b>	32° to 131° F (0° to 55° C), Operating -40° to 158° F (-40° to 70° C), Storage
<b>Humidity</b>	5% to 95% non-condensing
<b>Agency Approvals for LPe11002</b>	Class 1 Laser Product per DHHS 21CFR (J) & EN60825-1 UL recognized to UL60950-1:2003 CUR recognized to CSA 22.2, No. 60950-1-03 Baut-certified by TUV to 60950-1 FCC Rules, Part 15, Class A Industry Canada, ICES-003, Class A EMC Directives 89/336/EEC and 2004/108/EC (CE Mark) EN55022, Class A EN55024 Australian EMC Framework (C-Tick Mark) AS/NZS CISPR22:2002 Class A Japan VCCI, Class A Taiwan BSMI, Class A Korea MIC, Class A

## FCC and Regulatory Notices

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### LPe11002 HBA Models

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Responsible Party:

Paul Folino, Chief Executive Officer  
Emulex Corporation (714) 662-5600  
3333 Susan St. Costa Mesa, CA. 92626 USA

**Note:** This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense. The reader is cautioned that changes or modifications made to the equipment not expressly approved by Emulex could void the user's authority to operate this equipment. The above statement applies to products marketed in the USA.

This class A digital apparatus meets all requirements of the Industry Canada (IC) Interference - Causing Equipment Standard (ICES-003).

Cet appareil numerique de la Classe A respecte toutes les exigences du reglement sur le materiel brouilleur du Canada. This statement applies to products marketed in Canada.

### Notice for Japan and Translations (VCCI)

#### Product Label

This is a Class A product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures. VCCI—A

この装置は、クラスA情報技術装置です。この装置を家庭環境で使用すると電波妨害を引き起こすことがあります。この場合には使用者が適切な対策を講ずるよう要求されることがあります。

VCCI—A

#### Manual Notice

Translation:

This is a Class A product based on the standard of the Voluntary Control Council for Interference by Information Technology Equipment (VCCI). If this equipment is used in a domestic environment, radio disturbance may arise. When such trouble occurs, the user may be required to take corrective actions.

この装置は、情報処理装置等電波障害自規制協議会（VCCI）の基準に基づくクラスA情報技術装置です。この装置を家庭環境で使用すると電波妨害を引き起こすことがあります。この場合には使用者が適切な対策を講ずるよう要求されることがあります。

## Notice for Taiwan and Translations (BSMI)

### 警告使用者：

這是甲類的資訊產品，在居住的環境中使用時，可能會造成射頻干擾，在這種情況下，使用者會被要求採取某些適當的對策。

Translation:

This equipment is a Class A ITE, and operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference, in which case users will be required to correct the interference at their own expense.

## Notice for South Korea and Translations (MIC)

### 사용자 안내문 (A급 기기)

본 기기는 업무용으로 전자파적합등록을 받은 기기이오니, 만약 잘못 구입하셨을 때에는 구입한 곳에서 비업무용으로 교환하시기 바랍니다.

Translation:

Class A Equipment: Please note that this equipment has been approved for business purposes with regards to electromagnetic interference. If purchased in error for use in a residential area, you may wish to exchange the equipment where you purchased it.

## Declaration of Conformity

### LPe11002 HBA

This equipment complies with CISPR22/EN55022 Class A.

**WARNING:** This is a class A product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference requiring the user to take adequate measures.

**Note:** Changes or modifications not expressly approved by Emulex Corporation could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.



## DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

**Manufacturer:** Emulex Design and Manufacturing Corporation  
3333 Susan Street  
Costa Mesa, California 92626 USA

***declares under sole responsibility that the product:***

Product Name: LightPulse™ Fibre Channel Host Bus Adapter  
Models: LPe11002-M4, LPe11000-M4, LPe1150-F4  
Assembly Number: FC1120005-XX (FC1110406-XX)

***To which this Declaration relates is in conformity with the following standards or other documents for Information Technology Equipment (ITE):***

**Product Safety:** UL Recognized to UL 60950-1:2003, First Edition  
CUR Recognized to CSA22.2, No. 60950-1-03  
IEC 60950-1 (2001) [CB Scheme]  
EN 60950-1 (2001) + A11  
EN 60825-1 (1994) + A1 +A2  
EN 60825-2 (1994)  
CFR Title 21, Laser AEL Class 1, FDA/CDRH

**EMC:** FCC Rules, CFR Title 47, Part 15, Subpart B, Class A  
Industry Canada, ICES-003, Class A  
EN55022 (1998) / CISPR 22 (1997) Class A, EN55024 (1998)  
AZ/NZS CISPR22:2002, Class A  
VCCI V-2 / V-3, Class A  
CNS 13438 (1997) Class A, KN22 (2000) Class A, KN24

**Supplementary Information:**

1. The Product was tested in a typical configuration.
2. The product complies with the requirements of the following directives:
  - European Union Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC
  - European Union EMC Directives 89/336/EEC and 2004/108/EC
  - CE-Marking Directive 93/68/EEC (Carries the CE-Mark accordingly)
  - Australian EMC Framework (Carries the C-Tick mark accordingly)

June 13, 2005  
Costa Mesa, CA.



Paul Folino, Chief Executive Officer

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RG41 2FD, England

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Fax: 44-118-977-3237

## Laser Safety Notice

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This laser safety information contains certification and product information covering laser products known as optical small form factor transceivers incorporated in Emulex LightPulse host adapters. The small form factor transceiver is the primary cable connection mechanism for any optical port on the host adapter. This data is not intended to be a replacement for any safety regulations and standards; relevant safety documents should always be consulted if necessary. Contact Emulex Corporation with any questions or concerns about laser safety.

### Certification and Classification

The LPe11000, LPe11002 and LPe1150 host adapters may contain a laser product known as a small form factor transceiver. This transceiver provides the physical connection to the optical cable, and its LC-style connector extends through the mounting bracket. In turn, the host adapter can be inserted into any host system's appropriate PCI/PCI-X expansion slot.

In the United States, all optical small form factor transceivers sold by Emulex are certified as Class 1 laser products that conform to the requirements contained in the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) regulation 21 CFR subchapter J. The certification is indicated by a label located on the optical small form factor transceiver.

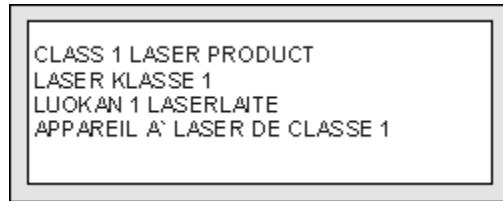
In Europe, all optical small form factor transceivers sold by Emulex are certified as Class 1 laser component assemblies that conform to the requirements contained in the CENELEC (European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization) standard EN60825-1:1994 (including amendment 11) and EN60825-2:1994. Small form factor transceivers are certified by a recognized European testing agency and have appropriate markings on the assembly. The DHHS conformity label and European conformity mark will not be visible externally once the optical small form factor transceiver is connected to or inserted in the host adapter and the adapter is installed into a system.

### Labeling Requirements

No caution or danger labels are required for use of the small form factor transceiver since they are Class 1 laser component assembly. In the U.S., the only laser safety label required is the DHHS certification label that already appears on the small form factor transceiver. In Europe, the EN60825-1/EN60825-2 standards require that the system-level product has a Class 1 information label permanently attached and clearly visible whenever access to the GLM, GBIC, 1x9 and small form factor transceiver optical port is possible. Each Class 1 product shall have affixed an explanatory label bearing the words:



Alternatively, at the discretion of the manufacturer, the same statement may be included in user information. If a label is used, an example of the IEC Class 1 information label that is suitable for most European countries is shown below. The label consists of black printing on a white background. Languages represented on this label are English, German, Finnish and French, and they represent the minimum set for acceptance of a Class 1 product in most European countries.



## Product Information

### Small Form Factor Transceiver

The small form factor transceiver is an integrated duplex data link for bi-directional communications over multimode or single mode optical fiber. Each small form factor transceiver consists of a transmitter and receiver optical subassembly. The transmitter subassembly contains a semiconductor laser emitting in the wavelength range of 770 to 860 nanometers for shortwave length small form factor transceivers and 1270 to 1355 nanometers for long wavelength small form factor transceivers. For non-OFC links, the optical power from the laser transmitter is controlled and maintained at a lower power level. The power emitted from either an open fiber or open laser transmitter is guaranteed to be below the Class 1 limit. Class 1 laser products are not considered hazardous. No user maintenance, service operations or adjustments can be performed the small form factor transceiver.

### Usage Restrictions

Failure to comply with these usage restrictions may result in incorrect operation of the system and could possible lead to points of access that may emit laser radiation levels above the Class 1 limits established in the U. S. by the DHHS and within Europe by EN60825-1/EN60825-2.

Short wavelength and long wavelength small form factor transceivers allow normal data transmission on the optical link when they are connected to another compatible laser product. Short wavelength and long wavelength small form factor transceivers embedded in Emulex host adapter are non-OFC. For non-OFC links, a compatible laser device must be non-OFC and certified as a Class 1 laser product.

Any system level product that incorporates the small form factor transceivers must provide power supply protection that guarantees a voltage of 5.0 volts or less at the small form factor transceivers. The functional power supply range of the small form factor transceivers product is specified as 3.135 to 3.465V typically. Operation outside of this range may degrade the performance and lifetime of the transceiver. The transceiver will remain operational with laser emissions below Class 1 limits provided the power supply level at the adapter remains at or below 5.0 volts. If the power supply level rises above 5.0 volts, the small form factor transceiver cannot be guaranteed to operate correctly and could result in laser emissions that may exceed Class 1 limits.

### System Level Certification

All host adapters containing embedded small form factor transceivers are certified as Class 1 laser products within the U.S. and Class 1 laser component assemblies outside of the U.S. Manufacturers of products properly incorporating the small form factor transceiver do not need to recertify their product for laser safety. The procedure for full system certification is therefore identical to that used for any other electronic system. When applying for system level certification to electronic standards such as IEC950, the regulatory engineers may want to see the DHHS and European conformity labeling on the small form

factor transceiver, and the system level documentation and labeling. Copies of the certificate of conformity for any small form factor transceiver sold by Emulex can be obtained upon request from Emulex Corporation, Costa Mesa.